Quadrant Engineering Plastic Products is marketing non-UV-stabilised polycarbonate stock shapes under the trade name PC 1000 (virgin grade). It is a "non-optical" industrial quality.



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Physical properties (indicative values*)

| PROPERTIES | Test methods ISO/(IEC) | Units | VALUES |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Colour | _ | _ | natural (clea |
| | | | translucent) |
| Density | 1183 | g/cm³ | 1.20 |
| Water absorption: | | | |
| after 24/96 h immersion in water of 23°C (1) | 62 | mg | 13/23 |
| | 62 | % | 0.18/0.33 |
| - at saturation in air of 23°C / 50% RH | _ | % | 0.15 |
| at saturation in water of 23°C | _ | % | 0.35 |
| Thermal Properties (2) | | | |
| Glass transition temperature | _ | °C | 150_ |
| Thermal conductivity at 23°C | _ | W/(K⋅m) | 0.81 |
| Coefficient of linear thermal expansion: | | /\ / | |
| - average value between 23 and 60°C | _ | m/(m·K) | 65 · 10 6 |
| - average value between 23 and 100°C | _ | m/(m·K) | 65 · 10-6 |
| Temperature of deflection under load: | | , () | 05 10 |
| - method A: 1.8 MPa | + 75 | % | 130 |
| Max. allowable service temperature in air: | . , , , | / / | 1 1 200 |
| - for short periods (3) | _ | <.× | 135 |
| - continuously: for 5,000/20,000 h (4) | _ | 18 | 125/115 |
| Min. service temperature (5) | | | -60 |
| Flammability (6): | | | -00 |
| - "Oxygen Index" | 4589 | % | 25 // |
| - according to UL 94 (3/6 mm thickness) | 4,05 | | нв/нв < |
| | 77 | | ПВДПВ |
| Mechanical Properties at 23°C (7) | | / ~ | // ((/ |
| Tension test (8): | \ | \ | / // (|
| tensile stress at yield (9) | + 527 | MPa / | 1/10 |
| | ++ 527 | MPa / | 70 |
| - tensile strain at break (9) | 527 | %// < | > 50 |
| | ++ \\$27 | % | √>50 |
| – tensile modulus of elasticity (10) | + 527 | MPa | 2,400 |
| | ++ 5/27 | MPa N | 2,400 |
| Compression test (11): | | | |
| - compressive stress at 1/2/5% nominal strain (10) | + 604 | MPa | 18/35/72 |
| Creep test in tension (8): | _/_ | | |
| – stress to produce 1% strain in 1,000 h ($\phi_{1/1,000}$) | + 899 | MPa | 17 |
| | ++ 899 | MPa | 17 |
| Charpy impact strength – Unnotched (12) | + /179/1eU | kJ/m² | no break |
| Charpy impact strength – Notched | +/ 179/1eA | kJ/m² | 9 |
| Izod impact strength – Notched | + 180/2A | kJ/m² | 9 |
| | ++ 180/3A | kJ/m² | 9 |
| Ball indentation hardness (13) | + 2039-1 | N/mm ² | 120 |
| Rockwell hardness (13) | 2039-2 | _ | M 75 |
| Electrical Properties at 23°C | | | |
| Electric strength (14) | + (60243) | kV/mm | 28 |
| / " ' ' ' | ++ (60243) | kV/mm | 28 |
| Volume resistivity | (60093) | $\Omega \cdot cm$ | > 1015 |
| | ++ (60093) | $\Omega \cdot cm$ | > 10 ¹⁵ |
| Surface resistivity | + (60093) | Ω | > 10 ¹⁵ |
| <u></u> | ++ (60093) | Ω | > 10 ¹⁵ |
| Relative permittivity ε_r : – at 100 Hz | + (60250) | _ | 3 |
| 3 4 | ++ (60250) | <u> </u> | 3 |
| - at 1 MHz | + (60250) | | 3 |
| | ++ (60250) | | 3 |
| - dt 1 Pill2 | (00230) | | 0.001 |
| | + (60250) | | |
| Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ: – at 100 Hz | + (60250) | | |
| Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ: – at 100 Hz | ++ (60250) | _ | 0.001 |
| | ++ (60250) + (60250) | = | 0.001 0.008 |
| Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ: – at 100 Hz | ++ (60250) | | 0.001 |

Legend

- +: values referring to dry material
- ++: values referring to material in equilibrium with the standard atmosphere 23°C/50% RH (mostly derived from literature)
- (1) According to method 1 of ISO 62 and done on discs Ø 50 x
- (2) The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications.
- Only for short time exposure (a few hours) in applications where no or only a very low load is applied to the material. Temperature resistance over a period of 5,000/20,000 hours. If the these periods of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength of about 50% as compared with the original value. The temperature value given here is thus based on the thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that, as for all thermoplastics, the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- mpact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The values given here are based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- (6) These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the materials under actual fire conditions. There is no ULyellow card available for PC 1000 stock shapes.
- (7) The figures given for the properties of dry material (+) are for the most part average values of tests run on test specimens machined out of rods Ø 40-60 mm. Considering the very low water absorption of PC 1000, the values for the mechanical and electrical properties of these materials can be considered as being practically the same for dry (+) and moisture conditioned (++) test specimens.
- (8) Test specimens: Type 1 B.
- (9) Test speed: 20 mm/min.
- (10) Test speed: 1 mm/min.
- (11) Test specimens: cylinders Ø 12 x 30 mm.
- (12) Pendulum used: 15 J.
- (13) 10 mm thick test specimens.
- (14) Electrode configuration: 25/75 mm coaxial cylinders; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296; 1 mm thick test specimens.
- This table is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The
 data listed here fall within the normal range of product
 properties. However, they are not guaranteed and they
 should not be used to establish material specification
 limits nor used alone as the basis of design.

Availability

Round Rods: Ø 6-200 mm - **Plates:** Thicknesses 15-50 mm

Note: 1 g/cm3 = 1,000 kg/m3; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm2; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m

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